§ 80.586 What are the record retention requirements for test methods approved under this subpart?

Each individual test facility must retain records related to the establishment of accuracy and precision values, all test method documentation, and any quality control testing and analysis under §§ 80.582, 80.584 and 80.585, for five years.

[69 FR 39188, June 29, 2004]

§§ 80.587-80.589 [Reserved]

RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

§ 80.590 What are the product transfer document requirements for motor vehicle diesel fuel, NRLM diesel fuel, heating oil, ECA marine fuel, and other distillates?

- (a) This paragraph (a) applies on each occasion that any person transfers custody or title to MVNRLM diesel fuel, heating oil, or ECA marine fuel (including distillates used or intended to be used as MVNRLM diesel fuel, heating oil, or ECA marine fuel) except when such fuel is dispensed into motor vehicles or nonroad equipment, locomotives, marine diesel engines or C3 vessels. Note that 40 CFR part 1043 specifies requirements for documenting fuel transfers to certain marine vessels. For all fuel transfers subject to this paragraph (a), the transferor must provide to the transferee documents which include the following informa-
- (1) The names and addresses of the transferor and transferee.
- (2) The volume of diesel fuel or distillate which is being transferred.
- (3) The location of the diesel fuel or distillate at the time of the transfer.
 - (4) The date of the transfer.
- (5) For transfers of MVNRLM diesel fuel or ECA marine fuel (beginning June 1, 2014), the sulfur content standard the transferor represents the fuel to meet.
- (6) Beginning June 1, 2006, when an entity, from a facility at any point in the distribution system, transfers custody of a distillate or residual fuel designated under §80.598, the following information must also be included:

- (i) The facility registration number of the transferor and transferee, for terminals and all parties upstream, under §80.597, if any.
- (ii) An accurate and clear statement of the applicable designation and/or classification under §80.598(a) and (b), for example, "500 ppm sulfur NRLM diesel fuel", or "jet fuel"; and whether the fuel is dyed or undyed, and for heating oil, whether marked or unmarked where applicable.
- (7) For transfers of title or custody from one facility to another in the distribution system where diesel fuel or distillates are taxed, dyed or marked, and for any subsequent transfers (except when such fuel is dispensed into motor vehicles or nonroad, locomotive, or marine equipment), an accurate statement on the product transfer document of the applicable fuel uses and classifications, as follows (however, in instances where space is constrained, substantially similar language may be used following approval from EPA):
- (i) Undyed 15 ppm sulfur diesel fuel. For the period from June 1, 2006 and beyond, "15 ppm sulfur (maximum) Undyed Ultra-Low Sulfur Diesel Fuel. For use in all diesel vehicles and engines." From June 1, 2006 through May 31, 2010, the product transfer document must also state whether the diesel fuel is #1D or #2D, or NP diesel.
- (ii) Dyed 15 ppm sulfur diesel fuel. From June 1, 2006 and beyond, "15 ppm sulfur (maximum) Dyed Ultra-Low Sulfur Diesel Fuel. For use in all nonroad diesel engines. Not for use in highway vehicles or engines except for tax-exempt use in accordance with section 4082 of the Internal Revenue Code."
- (iii) Undyed 500 ppm sulfur diesel fuel. From June 1, 2006 through September 30, 2010, "500 ppm sulfur (maximum) Undyed Low Sulfur Diesel Fuel. For use in Model Year 2006 and older diesel highway vehicles and engines. Also for use in nonroad, locomotive, and marine diesel engines. Not for use in model year 2007 and newer highway vehicles or engines."
- (iv) Dyed 500 ppm sulfur diesel fuel. (A) For the period of June 1, 2006 through September 30, 2010, "500 ppm sulfur (maximum) Dyed Low Sulfur Nonroad, Locomotive or Marine Diesel Fuel. Not for use in highway vehicles or engines